

# Dendrometer

## Fruit Dendrometer with reference voltage supply (Type DF6)

For continuous measurements of diameter of  
fruit and vegetables



## User Manual

Version 02/2022

## 1. Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an Ecomatik Dendrometer type DF6. This is a precise sensor for continuous measurements of fruit and vegetable diameter under both indoor and outdoor conditions.

This manual is written to help you install and operate your DF6 dendrometer with least difficulty and for most desirable results. Please read it carefully before installing the sensor, and refer to it if you should have any difficulty with the sensor in the future.

The dendrometer is the sensor part of a measuring system. This means that the dendrometer should be connected to a data logger for continuous data recording. The dendrometer is compatible with the most types of data loggers and microcontrollers (i.a. Arduino).

## 2. Product Description

As shown below, the DF6 dendrometer consists of:

- 1x Sensor with quick-mount fruit gripper hook, 5 m cable
- 1x Piece re-usable UV-resistant rubber reusable to fix the sensor cable at the branch/stem for strain relief (rubber cord may also be delivered as separate part of a bulk delivery. Then the total length may be delivered in one piece on a roll and).
- 1x Piece re-usable string cord to hang sensor to release the instrumented fruit from additional sensor weight.
- 2x Cable strips to fix string cord to fruit carrying branch (for correct installation of the strips please refer to the below section “Installation”)



**DF6 Fruit Dendrometer**

The standard cable length is 5 m. if you ordered cable extension, the cable length is the ordered extension + 5 m.

## 3. Safety Information

The sensor is protected from rain water, but it is not sealed. Please do not immerse the sensor in water. Avoid any tension between the cable and sensor during handling and operation. Pay attention to connections to data logger. Wrong connections will provide wrong readings.

**Max. measurement range 25 mm until maintenance required, exceedance may cause sensor damage!**

## 4. Installation

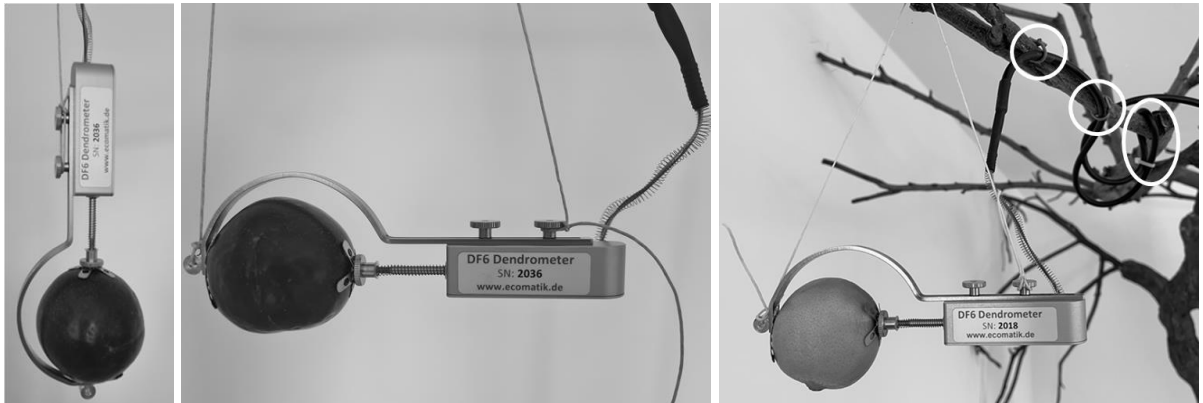
### Tools & accessories:

- light resistant rubber cord for strain relief of the sensor cable.
- string cord to hang sensor on fruit carrying branch to release the instrumented fruit from additional sensor weight
- 2x cable strips to fix string cord to fruit carrying branch
- Additional tools required: scissors for cutting cords

- a) Select a representative fruit for instrumentation.
- b) Use the included rubber cord to strain relief the sensor by fixing the sensor cable on the fruit carrying branch. Please leave enough cable between the fixation point on the branch and the sensor. In the final installation position, the fruit sensor should be able to move freely with the instrumented fruit, without tension on the cable.
- c) Use the included string cord to hang the sensor at the fruit carrying branch and adjust the positioning such that the sensor in its final installation position does not exert additional weight to the instrumented fruit.

### IMPORTANT:

- Please mind orientation of the sensor such that rod entrance, as well as wire outlet should hence always be inclined downwards.
- Please do not tie the string cord directly to the branch to avoid strangulating the branch. To fix the string cord to the branch you may either use the included cable strips, loosely fixed to the branch, or the elastic rubber cord and tie the string cord to the fixed strips, or the rubber cord respectively.



- d) Untighten the knurled-head nuts such that the fruit gripper hook can be moved.
- e) Open sensor clamping system and carefully insert the fruit between the fruit gripper hook and the sensor piston.
- f) Move the dendrometer body along the sliding rail, so that the sensor rod is pushed in by about 5 to 10 mm and the fruit is firmly clamped between fruit gripper hook and sensor rod. Then lock the gripper hook at the desired position by firmly tightening the two knurled-head nuts.
- g) Fix the cable onto the stem or on a ground stake for strain relief of the sensor cable between instrumented plant and data logger. This can be done using a rope or cable straps. There should be no tension between the sensor, fixation point at the fruit carrying branch and the remaining sensor cable.

### **!! IMPORTANT !!**

Fix the cable onto the tree stem/branch so that the sensor is protected from any accidental pull/ drag of the entire cable length. This can be done using a rope or cable straps. In addition, there should be no tension between the sensor and cable.

Ensure that no rain water can run along the cable, or the sensor rod and enter the sensor casing. Rod entrance, as well as wire outlet should hence always be inclined downwards.

## **5. Wiring and Logger Configuration**

The dendrometer is compatible with most data loggers.

Wiring as single-ended voltage measurement:

### **4-wire connection**

**(cable type: 4-wires + shield)**

Single-ended Voltage

Cable Color	Input Port
Yellow	H (Signal, Vout +)
Green	GND
Brown	Vex
White	GND
Black	GND

Differential Voltage

Cable Color	Input Port
Yellow	H (Signal, Vout +)
Green	L (Signal, Vout -)
Brown	Vex
White	GND
Black	GND

An interval 0.5-hour for data collection can reveal the diurnal course of diameter changes very well.

In the following we describe the connection with Dendrometer Logger (DL18), Campbell Logger (CR1000). Please contact us if your logger is not described here.

### **Dendrometer Data Logger (DL18)**

The DL18 is a battery powered, waterproof logger for connecting 4 dendrometers. It is a very effective data logger for dendrometer measurement under outdoor conditions. For details please see the user manual of the DL18.

### **Campbell Data Logger (CR1000)**

The dendrometer can be measured both in single-ended voltage as well as differential voltage mode. Differential voltage mode provides better accuracy. But single-ended mode requires half as many channels as differential mode. One CR1000 can include 16 dendrometers in single-ended mode, but only 8 dendrometers in differential mode.

**Single-ended Voltage Mode ( 2 dendrometers)**

Connection		
	Cable Color	Input Port
1 <sup>st</sup> dendrometer	Yellow	1H
	Green	Ground
	Brown	Vx1
	White	Ground
2 <sup>nd</sup> dendrometer	Yellow	1L
	Green	Ground
	Brown	Vx1
	White	Ground
<p><b>Program Syntax</b>  <i>ExciteV (Vx1,2500,0)</i>  <i>VoltSe(SEVolt(),2,mV2500,1,True,0,_50Hz,Mult(),Offs())</i>                      If Multiplier=10.16, Offset=0, the results are measured in microns.</p>		

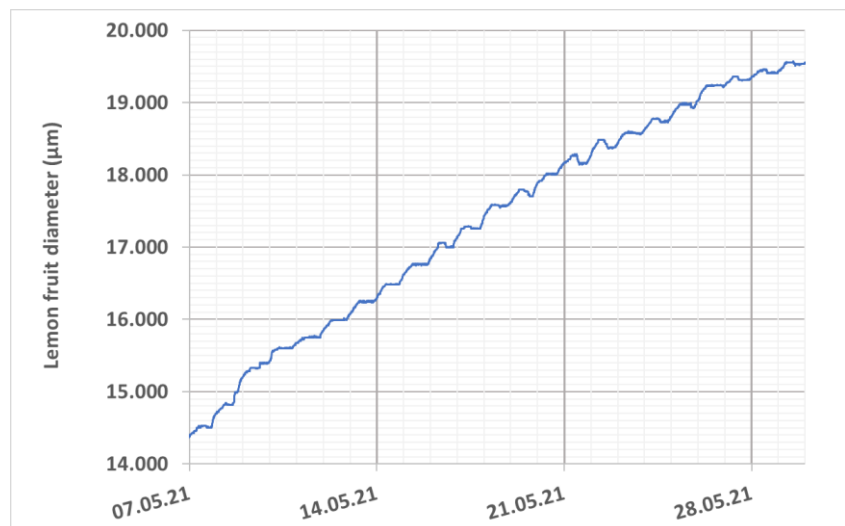
**Differential Voltage Mode ( 2 dendrometers)**

Connection		
	Cable Color	Input Port
1 <sup>st</sup> dendrometer	Yellow	1H
	Green	1L
	Brown	Vx1
	White	Ground
2 <sup>nd</sup> dendrometer	Yellow	2H
	Green	2L
	Brown	Vx1
	White	Ground
<p><b>Program Syntax</b>  <i>ExciteV (Vx1,2500,0)</i>  <i>VoltDiff(DiffVolt(),2,mV2500,1,True,0,_50Hz,Mult(),Offs())</i>                      If Multiplier=10.16, Offset=0, the results are measured in microns.</p>		

An interval 0.5-hour for data collection can reveal the diurnal course of diameter changes very well.

**6. An Example of measured data**

The figure shows the diameter changes of a lemon fruit measured with an Ecomatik DF6 fruit dendrometer.



## 7. Technical Specifications

<b>Name of the Sensor</b>	Hook-mount fruit dendrometer medium Type DF6
<b>Use area</b>	For measuring small-medium fruits
<b>Suitable for fruit size</b>	Diameter 0.5-5 cm
<b>Range of the sensor</b>	25.4 mm
<b>Resolution</b>	The resolution of the sensor itself is infinite. The resolution of readings is determined by connected data logger, e.g. CR1000: 3.3 $\mu\text{m}$ Dendrometer logger DL18: 0.5 $\mu\text{m}$
<b>Accuracy</b>	Dendrometer dependent: Max. $\pm 1.97\%$ of reading (stable offset)  RVS50 dependent: Max. $\pm 2.0\%$ of reading (stable offset)  Dependent on the connected data logger, e.g.: CR1000: $\pm(0.04\%$ of reading + $10\mu\text{m})$ Dendrometer logger DL18: $\pm 0.1\%$
<b>Temperature coefficient - Dendrometer - integrated RVS50</b>	$< 0.2 \mu\text{m} / ^\circ\text{C}$ in the whole range $\pm 0.015 \%$ of reading / $^\circ\text{C}$ max
<b>Linearity</b>	$< 0.7\%$
<b>Environment</b>	Outdoor condition: $-25$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ air temperature, 0 to 100% relative air humidity
<b>Weight of the sensor</b>	33 g without cable
<b>Power supply via integrated RVS50</b>	Vin (min, max): 6.5 to 36.0 VDC, Vout 5.0 VDC stabilized Current draw @ Vin min of 6.5 V: 1.41 mA Max. power consumption per measurement @ Vin min (100 ms power-up time): 255 nWh
<b>Output signal (Vout)</b>	0 to 5.0 VDC
<b>Material</b>	Stainless steel and Aluminium
<b>Cable length</b>	5 m, extendable up to 100 m